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- (iii) Emergency response measures applicable to laboratories;
- (iv) Signs and indicators of a hazardous substance release;
- (v) The location and availability of known reference materials relevant to implementation of the Environmental Management Plan; and
- (vi) Environmental training requirements applicable to laboratory workers.
- (5) Each University must ensure that Laboratory workers have received training in:
- (i) Methods and observations that may be used to detect the presence or release of a hazardous substance;
- (ii) The chemical and physical hazards associated with laboratory wastes in their work area;
- (iii) The relevant measures a laboratory worker can take to protect human health and the environment; and
- (iv) Details of the Environmental Management Plan sufficient to ensure they manage laboratory waste in accordance with the requirements of this Subpart.
- (6) Requirements pertaining to Laboratory visitors:
- (i) Laboratory visitors, such as onsite contractors or environmental vendors, that require information and training under this standard must be identified in the Environmental Management Plan.
- (ii) Laboratory visitors identified in the Environmental Management Plan must be informed of the existence and location of the Environmental Management Plan.
- (iii) Laboratory visitors identified in the Environmental Management Plan must be informed of relevant policies, procedures or work practices to ensure compliance with the requirements of the Environmental Management Plan.
- (7) Each University must define methods of providing objective evidence and records of training and information dissemination in its Environmental Management Plan.

§ 262.106 When must a hazardous waste determination be made?

(a) For laboratory waste sent from a laboratory to an on-site hazardous waste accumulation area, each University must evaluate the laboratory

- wastes to determine whether they are solid wastes under RCRA and, if so, determine pursuant to §262.11 (a) through (d) whether they are hazardous wastes, as soon as the laboratory wastes reach the University's Hazardous Waste Accumulation area(s). At this point each University must determine whether the laboratory waste will be reused or whether it must be managed as RCRA solid or hazardous waste.
- (b) For laboratory waste that will be sent from a laboratory to a TSD facility permitted to handle the waste, each University must evaluate such laboratory wastes to determine whether they are solid wastes under RCRA and, if so, determine pursuant to §262.11 (a) through (d) whether they are hazardous wastes, prior to the 30-day deadline for removing dated laboratory waste from the laboratory.
- (c) Laboratory waste that is determined to be hazardous waste is no longer subject to the provisions of this subpart and must be managed in accordance with all applicable provisions of 40 CFR Parts 260 through 270.

§ 262.107 Under what circumstances will a university's participation in this environmental management standard pilot be terminated?

- (a) EPA retains the right to terminate a University's participation in this Laboratory XL project if the University:
- (1) Is in non-compliance with the Minimum Performance Criteria in §262.104; or
- (2) Has actual environmental management practices in the laboratory that do not conform to its Environmental Management Plan; or
- (3) Is in non-compliance with the Hazardous Waste Determination requirements of § 262.106.
- (b) In the event of termination, EPA will provide the University with 15 days written notice of its intent to terminate. During this period, which commences upon receipt of the notice, the University will have the opportunity to come back into compliance with the Minimum Performance Criteria, its Environmental Management Plan, or the requirements for making a hazardous waste determination at §262.106 or to provide a written explanation as

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to why it was not in compliance and how it intends to return to compliance. If, upon review of the University's written explanation, EPA then reissues a written notice terminating the University from this XL Project, the provisions of paragraph (c) of this section will immediately apply and the University shall have 90 days to come into compliance with the applicable RCRA requirements deferred by §262.10(j). During the 90-day transition period, the provisions of this subpart shall continue to apply to the Univer-

(c) If a University withdraws from this XL project, or receives a notice of termination pursuant to this section, it must submit to EPA and the state a schedule for returning to full compliance with RCRA requirements at the laboratory level. The schedule must show how the University will return to full compliance with RCRA within 90 days from the date of the notice of termination or withdrawal.

§ 262.108 When will this subpart expire?

This subpart will expire on September 30, 2006.

[69 FR 11813, Mar. 12, 2004]

APPENDIX TO PART 262—UNIFORM HAZ-ARDOUS WASTE MANIFEST AND IN-STRUCTIONS (EPA FORMS 8700-22 AND 8700-22A AND THEIR INSTRUC-TIONS)

U.S. EPA Form 8700-22

Read all instructions before completing this form.

This form has been designed for use on a 12-pitch (elite) typerwriter; a firm point pen may also be used—press down hard.

Federal regulations require generators and transporters of hazardous waste and owners or operators of hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal facilities to use this form (8700–22) and, if necessary, the continuation sheet (Form 8700–22A) for both inter and intrastate transportation.

Federal regulations also require generators and transporters of hazardous waste and owners or operators of hazardous waste treatment, storage and disposal facilities to complete the following information: